

# Water and Climate Update

October 19, 2023

The Natural Resources Conservation Service produces this weekly report using data and products from the [National Water and Climate Center](#) and other agencies. The report focuses on seasonal snowpack, precipitation, temperature, and drought conditions in the U.S.

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Temperature.....	6	More Information.....	17
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## Storm development monitored in Atlantic and Pacific Oceans



Tropical Storm Tammy is expected to brush the Caribbean this weekend, bringing heavy rainfall in its wake and possibly developing into a hurricane in the Atlantic Ocean. Meanwhile, category 4 Hurricane Norma is churning towards Mexico in the Pacific Ocean near the southern tip of Baja California Peninsula and is also expected to bring heavy rainfall. The exact path or impacts of either storm is currently unknown, but the National Hurricane Center will be providing updates on the progression of each storm. Hurricane season typically wraps up by the end of November, and according to the National Hurricane Center, the 2023 season has brought an above-average amount of hurricanes.

### Related:

<https://www.nhc.noaa.gov/> – National Hurricane Center

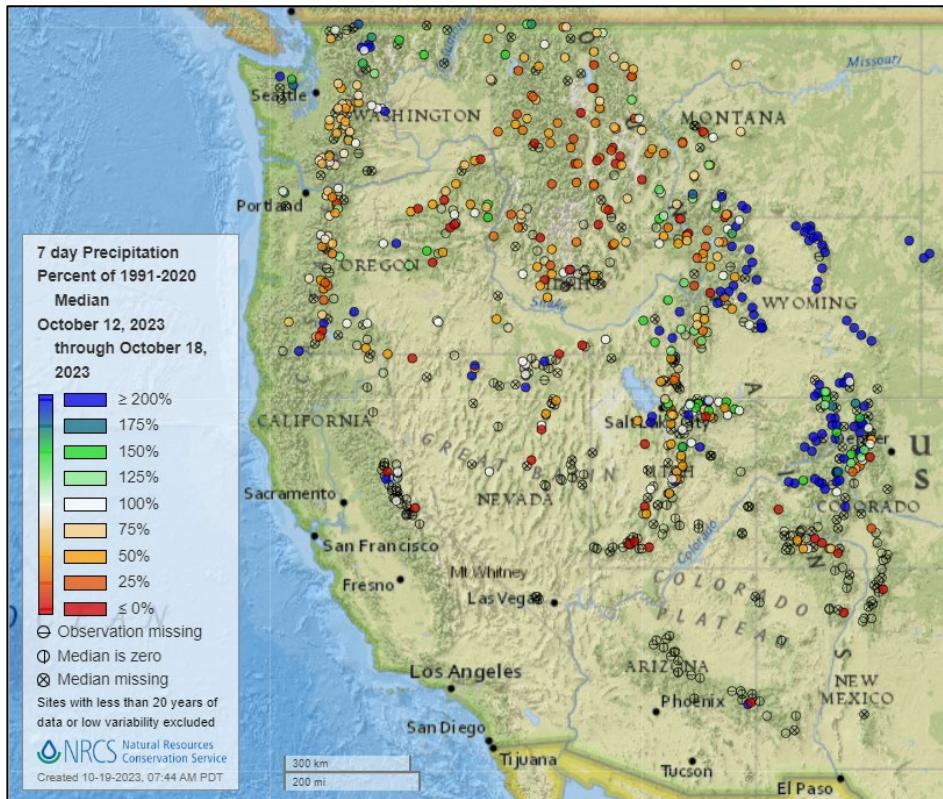
[Tropical Storm Tammy expected to drop heavy rain on the Caribbean this weekend](#) – NPR

[Tropical Storm Tammy tracker: See path of storm as it moves east of Caribbean](#) – USA Today

[Hurricane Norma rapidly strengthens on a path toward Los Cabos in Mexico](#) – AP News

## Precipitation

### Last 7 Days, NRCS SNOTEL Network



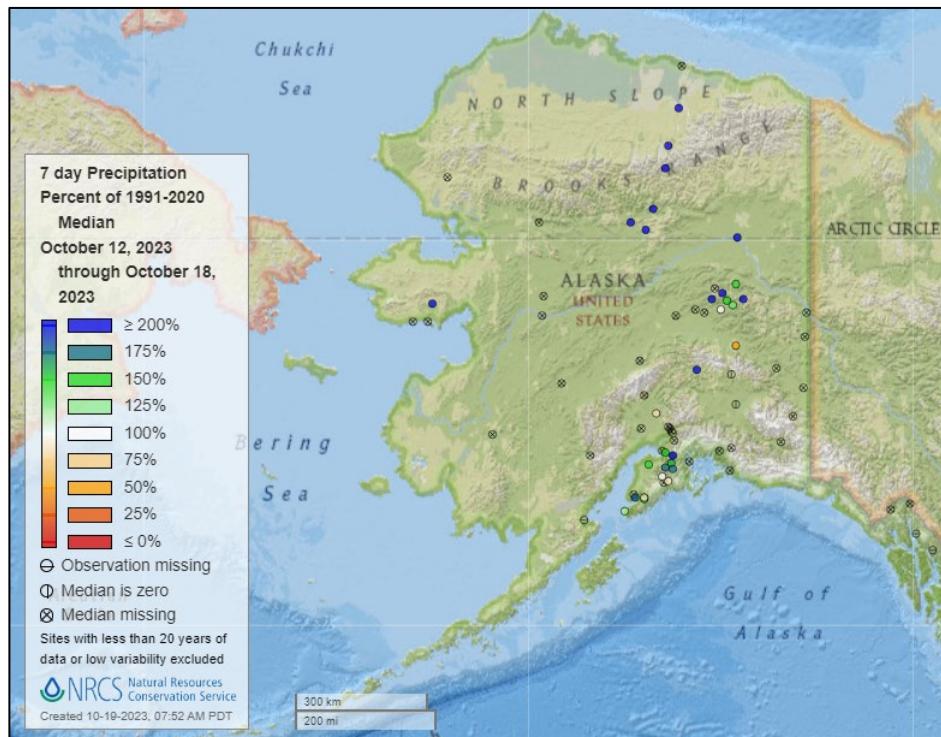
[7-day precipitation percent of median map](#)

**See also:**

[7-day total precipitation values \(inches\) map](#)

[Alaska 7-day precipitation percent of median map](#)

**See also:**  
[Alaska 7-day total precipitation values \(inches\) map](#)



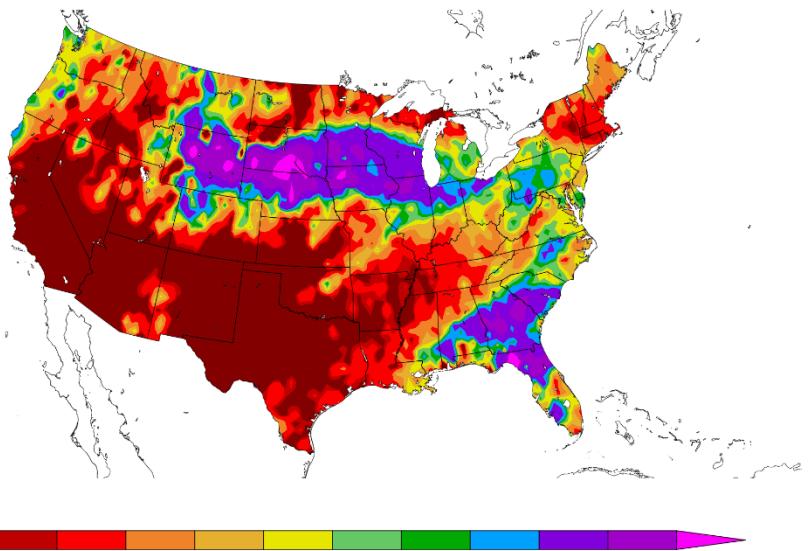
## Last 7 Days, National Weather Service (NWS) Networks

Source: Regional Climate Centers

[7-day precipitation percent of normal map](#) for the continental U.S.

Percent of Normal Precipitation (%)  
10/12/2023 – 10/18/2023

**See also:** [7-day total precipitation values \(inches\) map](#)



Generated 10/19/2023 at HPRCC using provisional data.

NOAA Regional Climate Centers

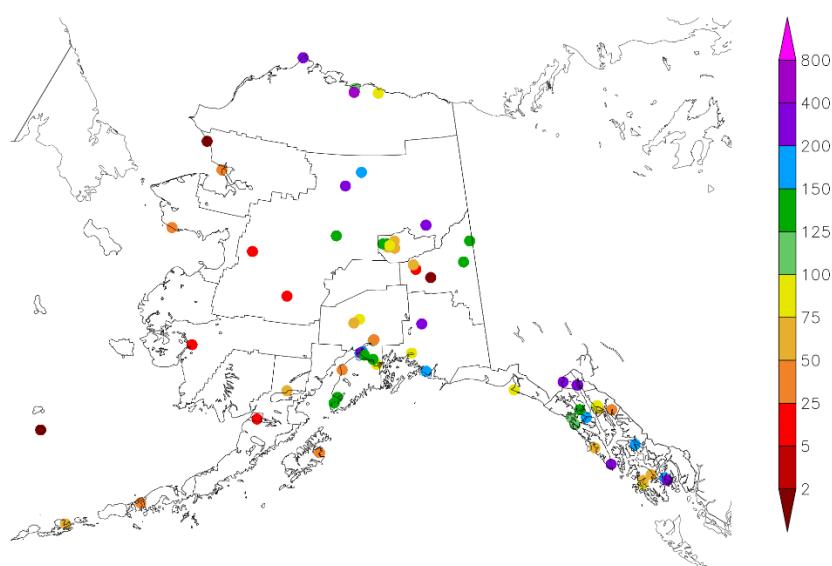
## Last 7 Days, National Weather Service (NWS) Networks

Source: Regional Climate Centers

[7-day precipitation percent of normal map](#) for Alaska.

Percent of Normal Precipitation (%)  
10/12/2023 – 10/18/2023

**See also:**  
[7-day total precipitation values \(inches\) map](#)

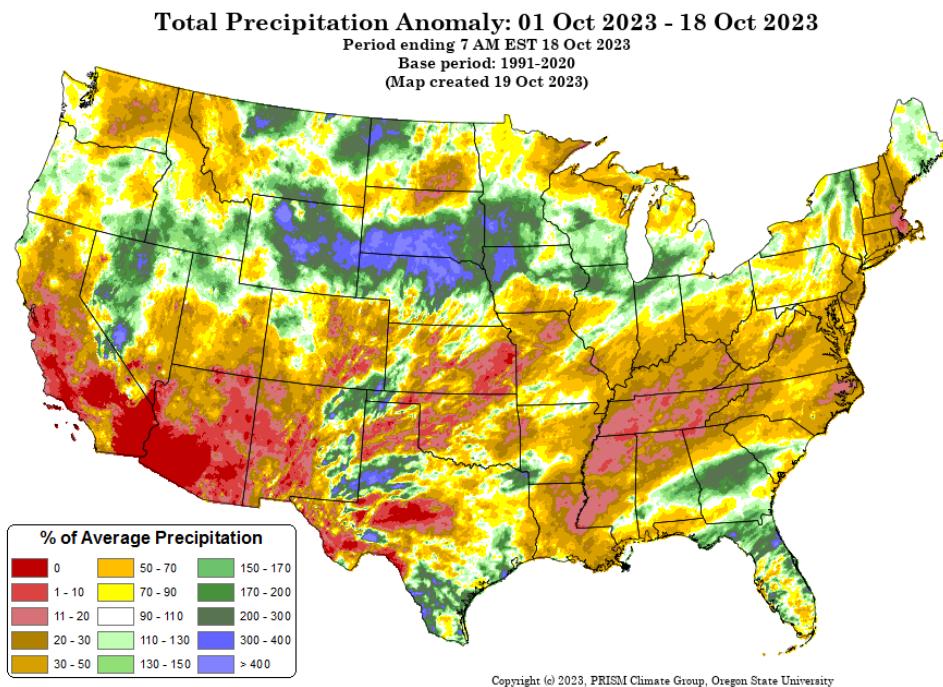


Generated 10/19/2023 at HPRCC using provisional data.

NOAA Regional Climate Centers

### Month-to-Date, All Available Data Including SNOTEL and NWS Networks

Source: PRISM

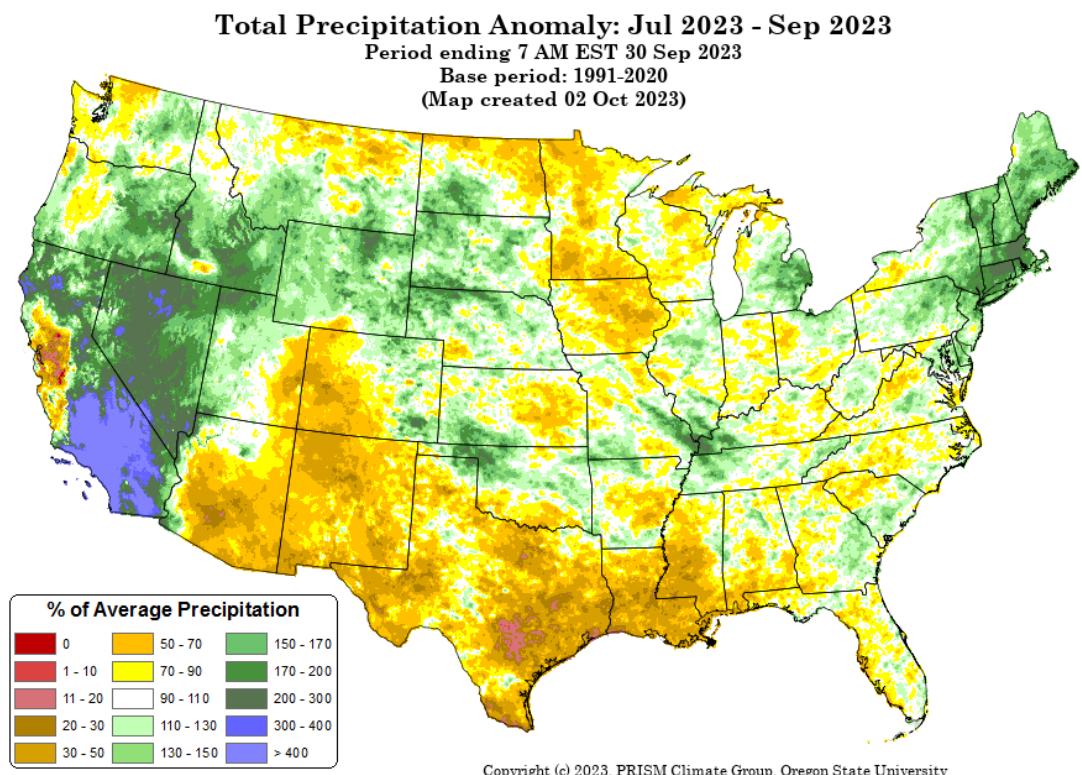


[Month-to-date national total precipitation anomaly map](#)

### Last 3 Months, All Available Data Including SNOTEL and NWS Networks

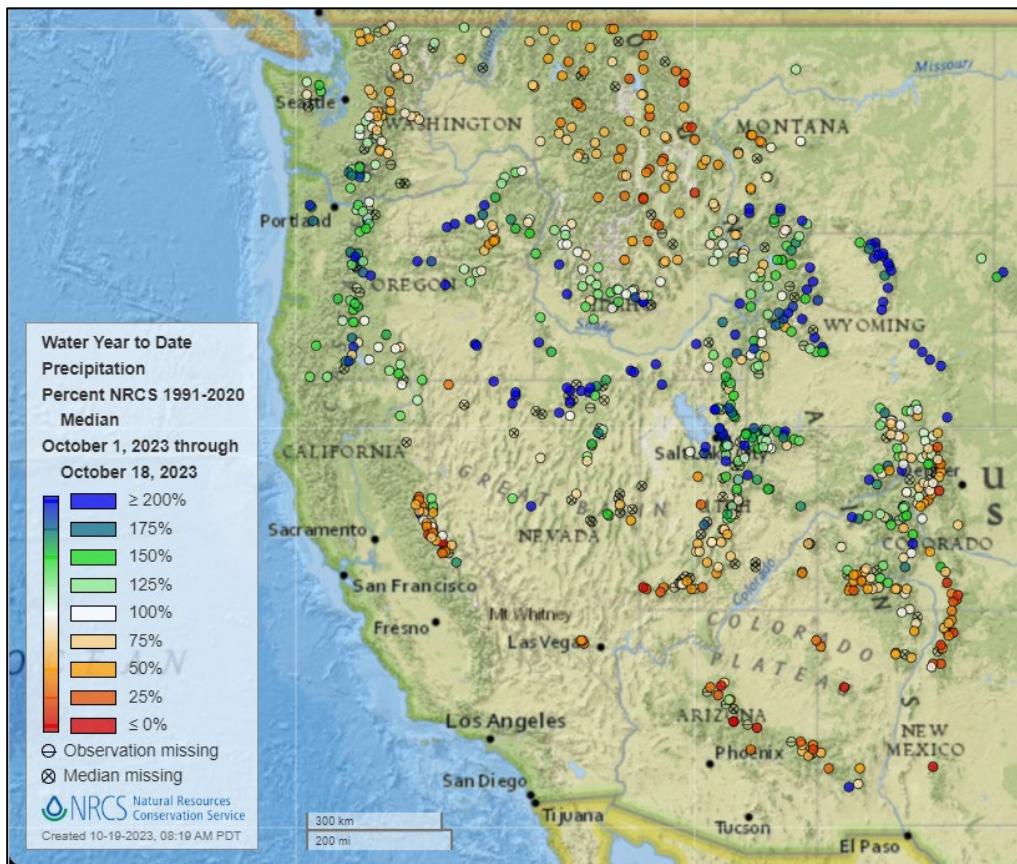
Source: PRISM

[July through September 2023 precipitation anomaly map](#)



## Water and Climate Update

### Water Year-to-Date, NRCS SNOTEL Network

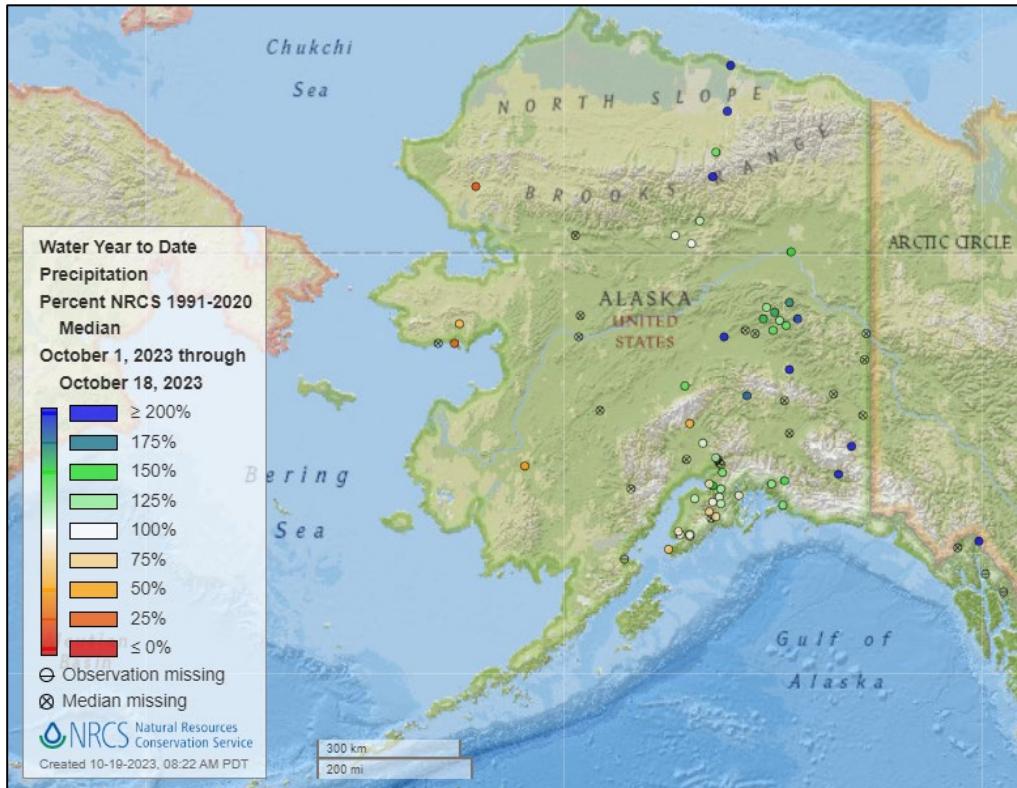


[2024 water year-to-date precipitation percent of median map](#)

**See also:**

[2024 water year-to-date precipitation percent of average map](#)

[2024 water year-to-date precipitation values \(inches\) map](#)



[Alaska 2024 water year-to-date precipitation percent of median map](#)

**See also:**

[Alaska 2024 water year-to-date precipitation percent of average map](#)

[Alaska 2024 water year-to-date precipitation values \(inches\) map](#)

## Temperature

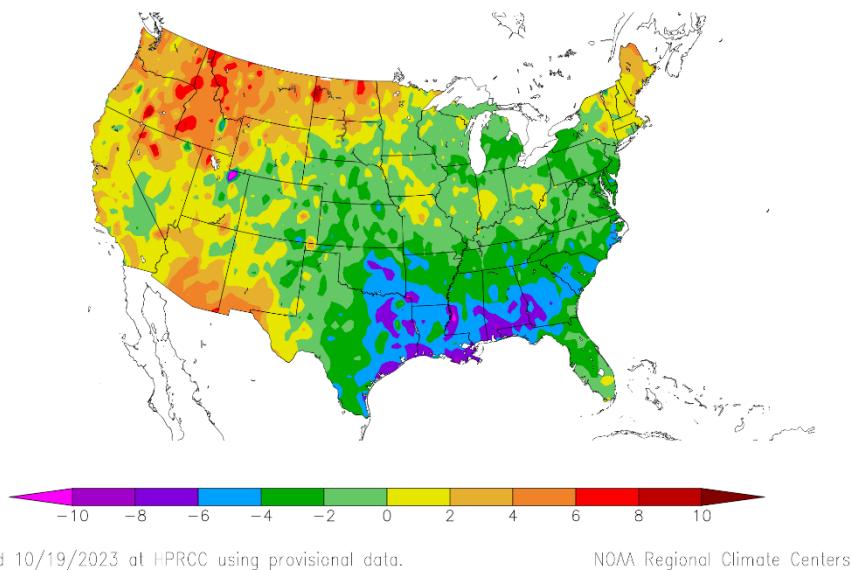
### Last 7 Days, National Weather Service (NWS) Networks

Source: Regional Climate Centers

[7-day temperature anomaly map](#) for the contiguous U.S.

**See also:** [7-day temperature \( \$^{\circ}\$  F\) map](#)

Departure from Normal Temperature (F)  
10/12/2023 – 10/18/2023



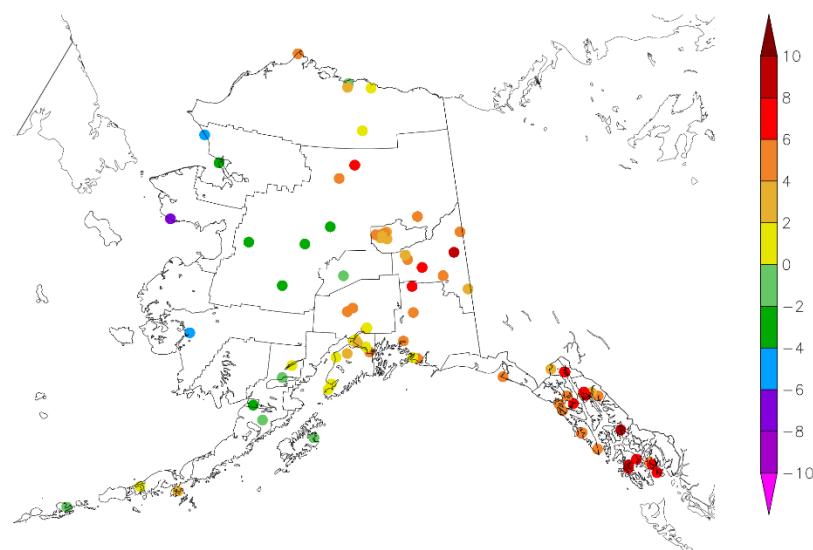
### Last 7 Days, National Weather Service (NWS) Networks

Source: Regional Climate Centers

[7-day temperature anomaly map](#) for Alaska.

**See also:** [7-day temperature \( \$^{\circ}\$  F\) map](#)

Departure from Normal Temperature (F)  
10/12/2023 – 10/18/2023



Generated 10/19/2023 at HPRCC using provisional data.

NOAA Regional Climate Centers

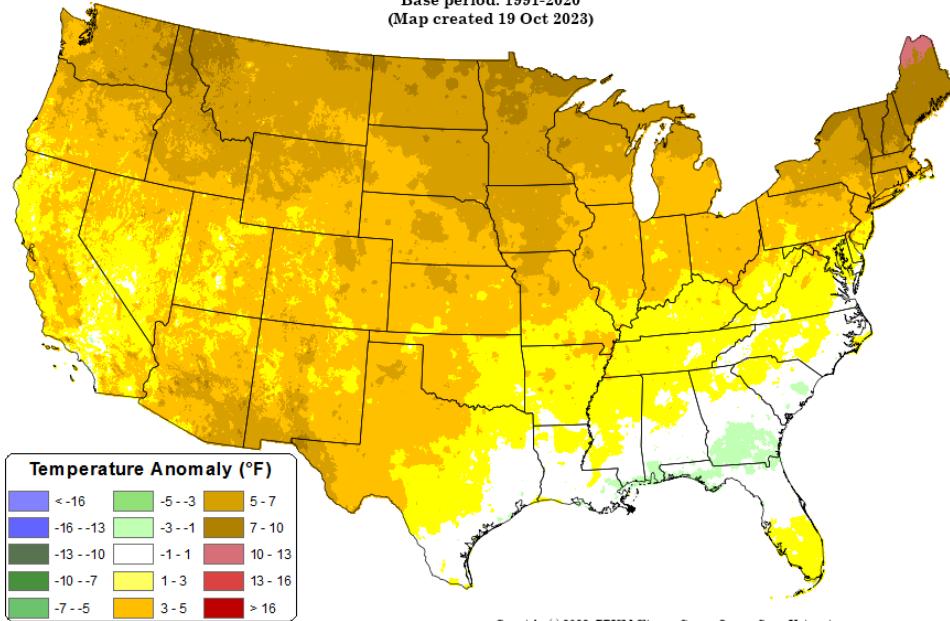
### Month-to-Date, All Available Data Including SNOTEL and NWS Networks

Source: PRISM

[Month-to-date  
national daily  
mean  
temperature  
anomaly map](#)

#### Daily Mean Temperature Anomaly: 01 Oct 2023 - 18 Oct 2023

Period ending 7 AM EST 18 Oct 2023  
Base period: 1991-2020  
(Map created 19 Oct 2023)



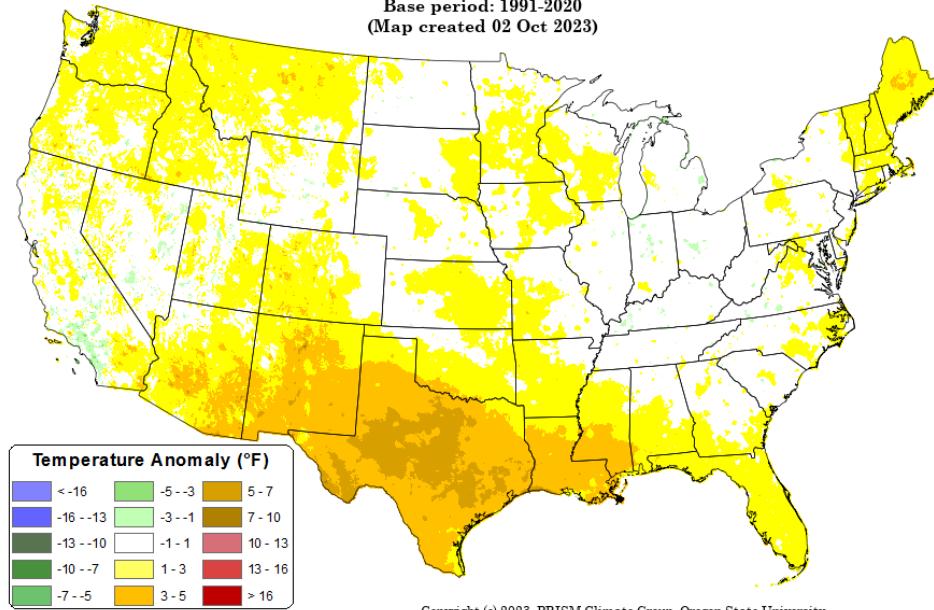
### Last 3 Months, All Available Data Including SNOTEL and NWS Networks

Source: PRISM

#### Daily Mean Temperature Anomaly: Jul 2023 - Sep 2023

Period ending 7 AM EST 30 Sep 2023  
Base period: 1991-2020  
(Map created 02 Oct 2023)

[July through  
September 2023 daily  
mean temperature  
anomaly map](#)



### Drought

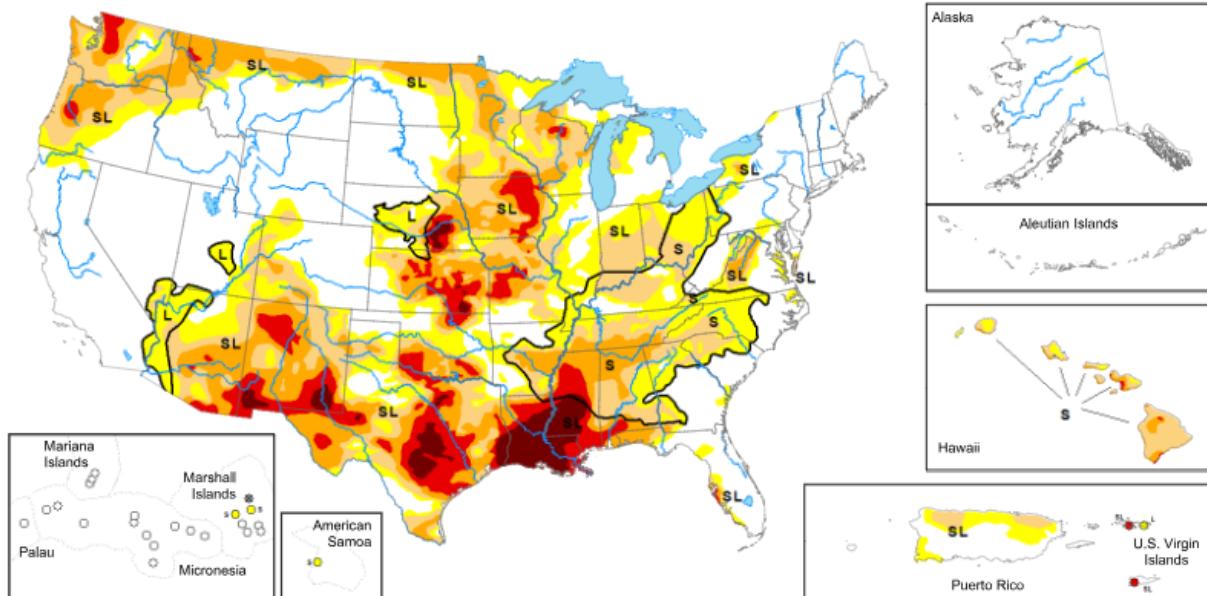
#### [U.S. Drought Monitor](#)

Source: National Drought Mitigation Center

Map released: October 19, 2023

Data valid: October 17, 2023

View grayscale version of the map



United States and Puerto Rico Author(s):

[Rocky Bilotta](#), NOAA/NCEI

More maps and statistics:

[U.S. States and Puerto Rico](#)

[Continental U.S.](#)

[Regions ▾](#)

Pacific Islands and Virgin Islands Author(s):

[Ahira Sanchez-Lugo](#), NOAA/NCEI

The data cutoff for Drought Monitor maps is each Tuesday at 8 a.m. EDT. The maps, which are based on analysis of the data, are released each Thursday at 8:30 a.m. Eastern Time.

#### Intensity and Impacts

None  
D0 (Abnormally Dry)

D1 (Moderate Drought)  
D2 (Severe Drought)

D3 (Extreme Drought)  
D4 (Exceptional Drought)

No Data

~ - Delineates dominant impacts

S - Short-term impacts, typically less than 6 months (agriculture, grasslands)

L - Long-term impacts, typically greater than 6 months (hydrology, ecology)

SL - Short- and long-term impacts

#### [Current National Drought Summary, October 17, 2023](#)

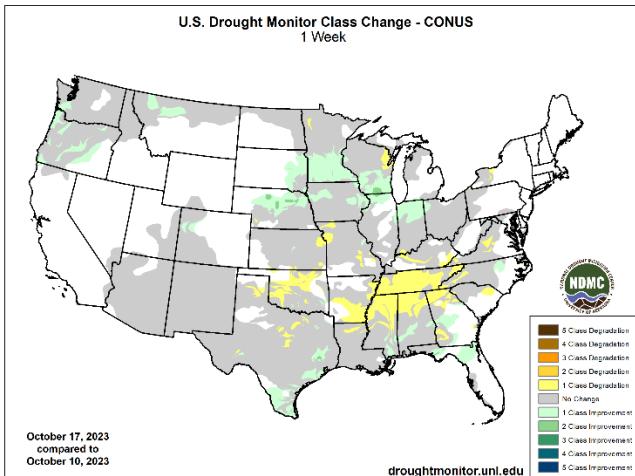
Source: National Drought Mitigation Center

"An intense low-pressure system moved across the contiguous U.S., bringing heavy precipitation (greater than 2 inches) across much of the central Plains and Midwest this week. While in the southeast, upper-level energy moving across the Southeast brought rain over parts of Alabama, Georgia, South Carolina, and northern Florida, before moving into the southern Mid-Atlantic. The most widespread improvements were made to northern Nebraska, eastern South Dakota, southern Minnesota, southern Wisconsin, northern Indiana and southern Texas where more well above normal precipitation was observed this past week. Dry conditions continued across much of the Southern region, with widespread degradations occurring across the Tennessee Valley, central Mississippi Valley and northern parts of the southern Plains. Following a wet September, minor improvements were warranted for parts of Washington. In Hawaii, drought continues to intensify across parts of Kauai and the Big Island."

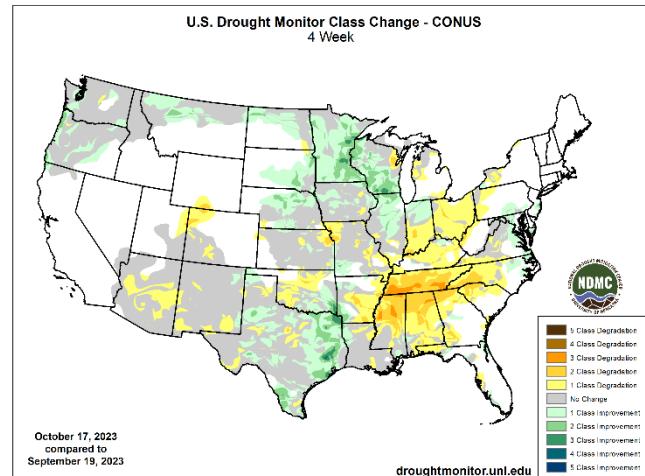
### Changes in Drought Monitor Categories over Time

Source: National Drought Mitigation Center

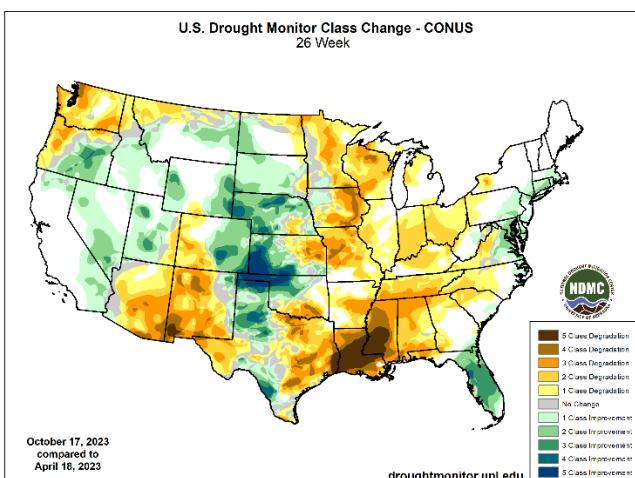
#### 1 Week



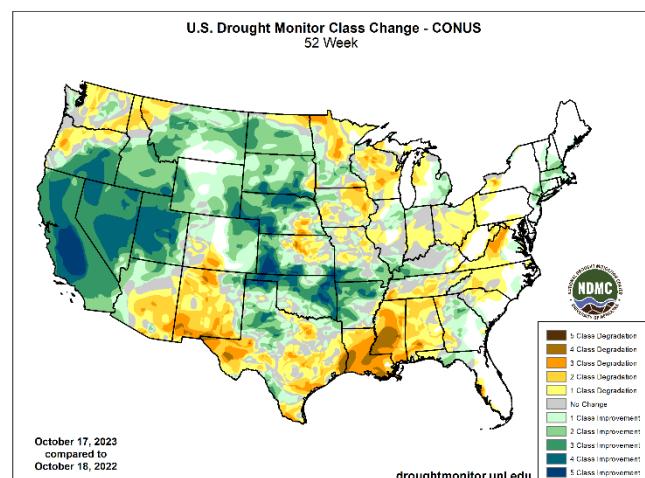
#### 1 Month



#### 6 Months



#### 1 Year



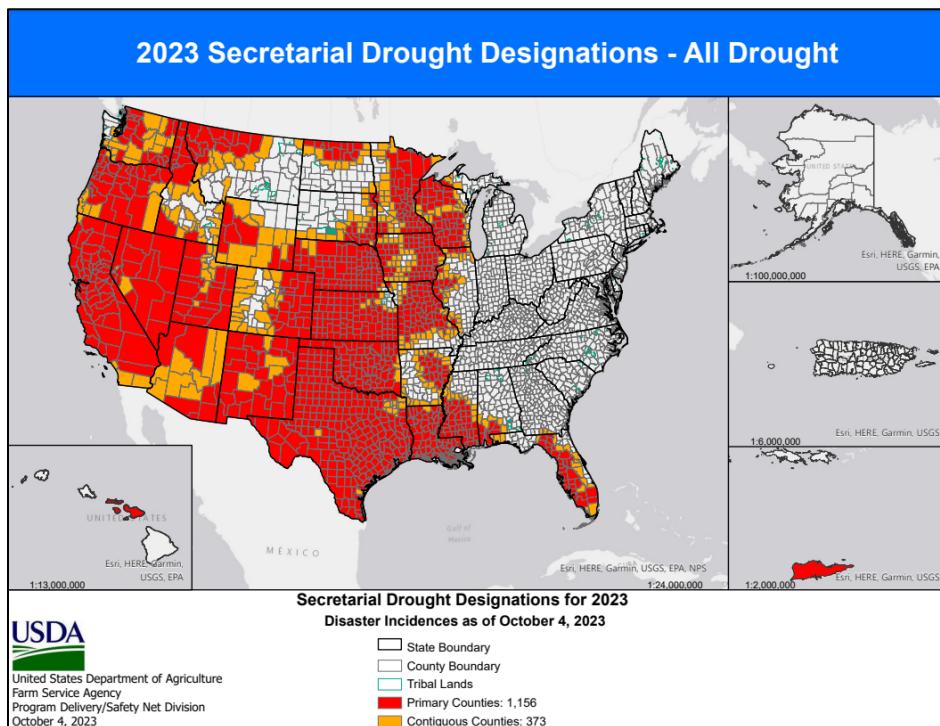
[Changes in drought conditions over the last 12 months for the contiguous U.S.](#)

### Highlighted Drought Resources

- [Drought Impact Reporter](#)
- [Quarterly Regional Climate Impacts and Outlook](#)
- [U.S. Drought Portal Indicators and Monitoring](#)
- [U.S. Population in Drought, Weekly Comparison](#)
- [USDA Disaster and Drought Information](#)

## USDA Secretarial Drought Designations

Source: USDA Farm Service Agency



## Wildfires: Fire Information for Resource Management System US/Canada

Source: NASA/USDA Forest Service



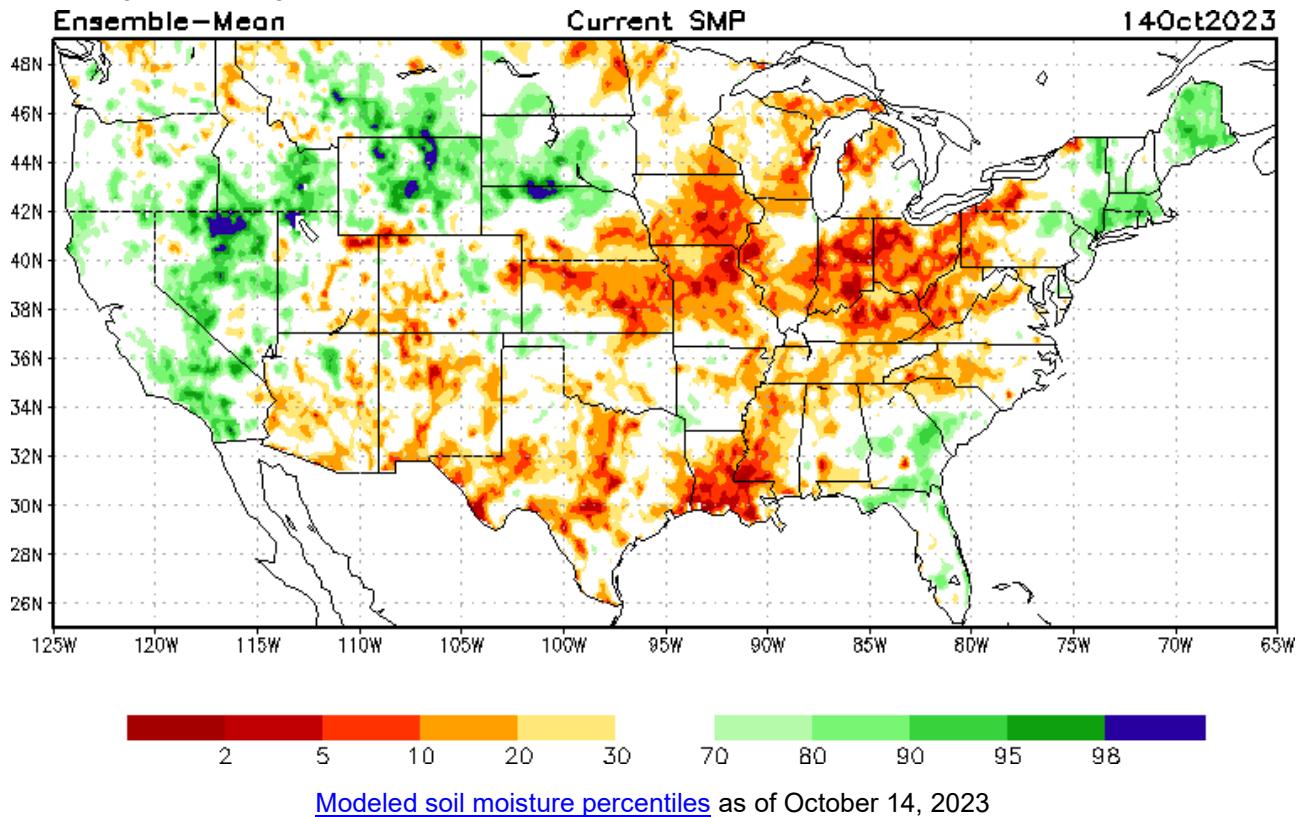
## Highlighted Wildfire Resources

- [National Interagency Fire Center](#)
- [InciWeb Incident Information System](#)
- [Significant Wildland Fire Potential Outlook](#)

## Other Climatic and Water Supply Indicators

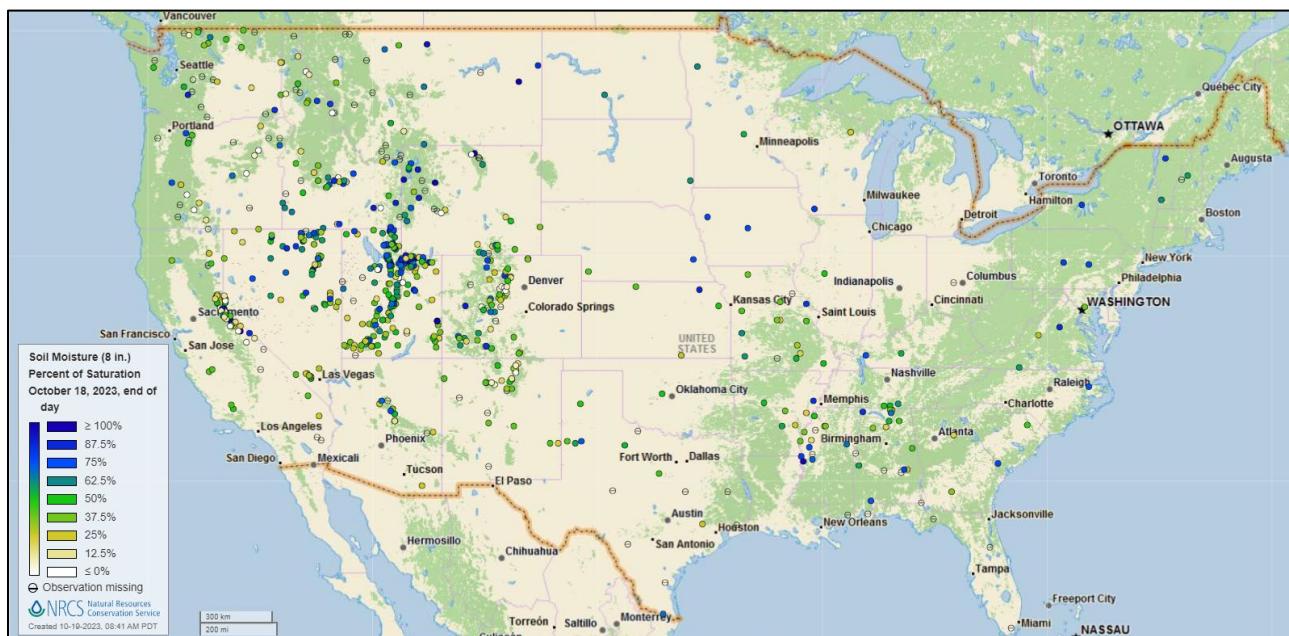
### Soil Moisture

Source: NOAA National Centers for Environmental Prediction



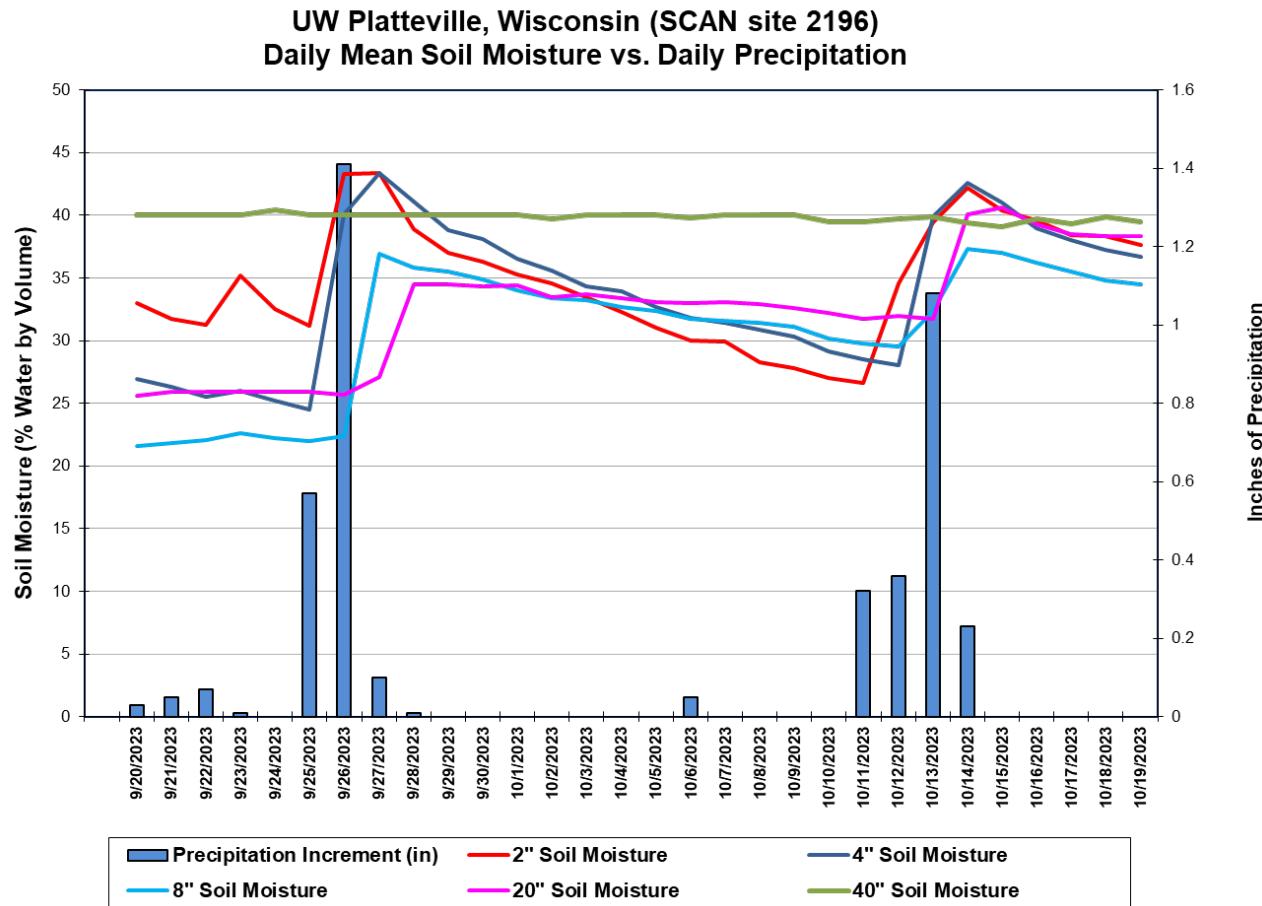
### Soil Moisture Percent of Saturation

Source: NRCS SNOTEL and [Soil Climate Analysis Network \(SCAN\)](#)  
[U.S. soil moisture map at 8-inch depth:](#)



### Soil Moisture

Source: NRCS [Soil Climate Analysis Network](#) (SCAN)



This chart shows the precipitation and soil moisture for the last 30 days at the [UW Platteville](#) SCAN site in Wisconsin. Soil sensors at all depths except the -40-inch sensor indicated a sharp increase in soil moisture after the site experienced two strong precipitation events over the period. Total precipitation for the 30-day period was 4.29 inches.

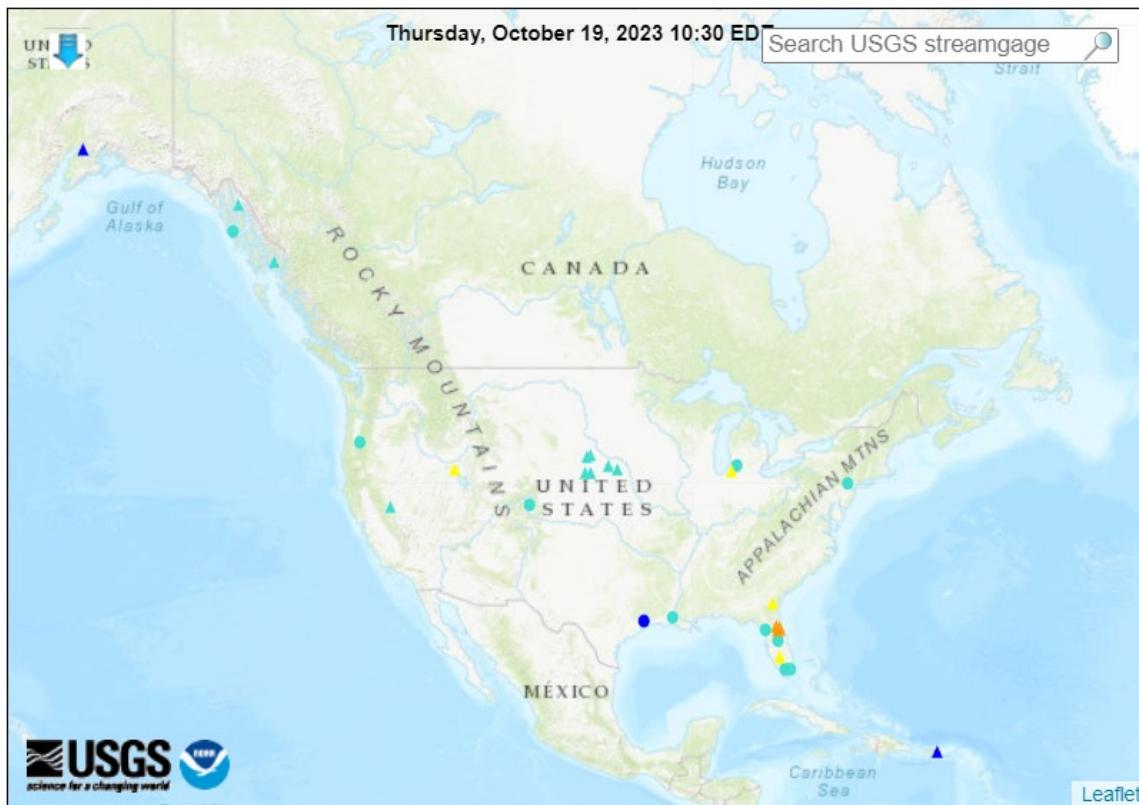
### Soil Moisture Data Portals

- [USCRN Soil Moisture](#)
- [National Soil Moisture Network](#)
- [NOAA Climate Prediction Center Soil Moisture](#)
- [NASA Grace](#)

## Streamflow, Drought, Flood, and Runoff

Source: U.S. Geological Survey [WaterWatch Streamflow Map](#)

### Map of flood and high flow conditions (3 in floods [minor: 3], 4 in near-flood)



[WaterWatch: Streamflow, drought, flood, and runoff conditions](#)

## Reservoir Storage

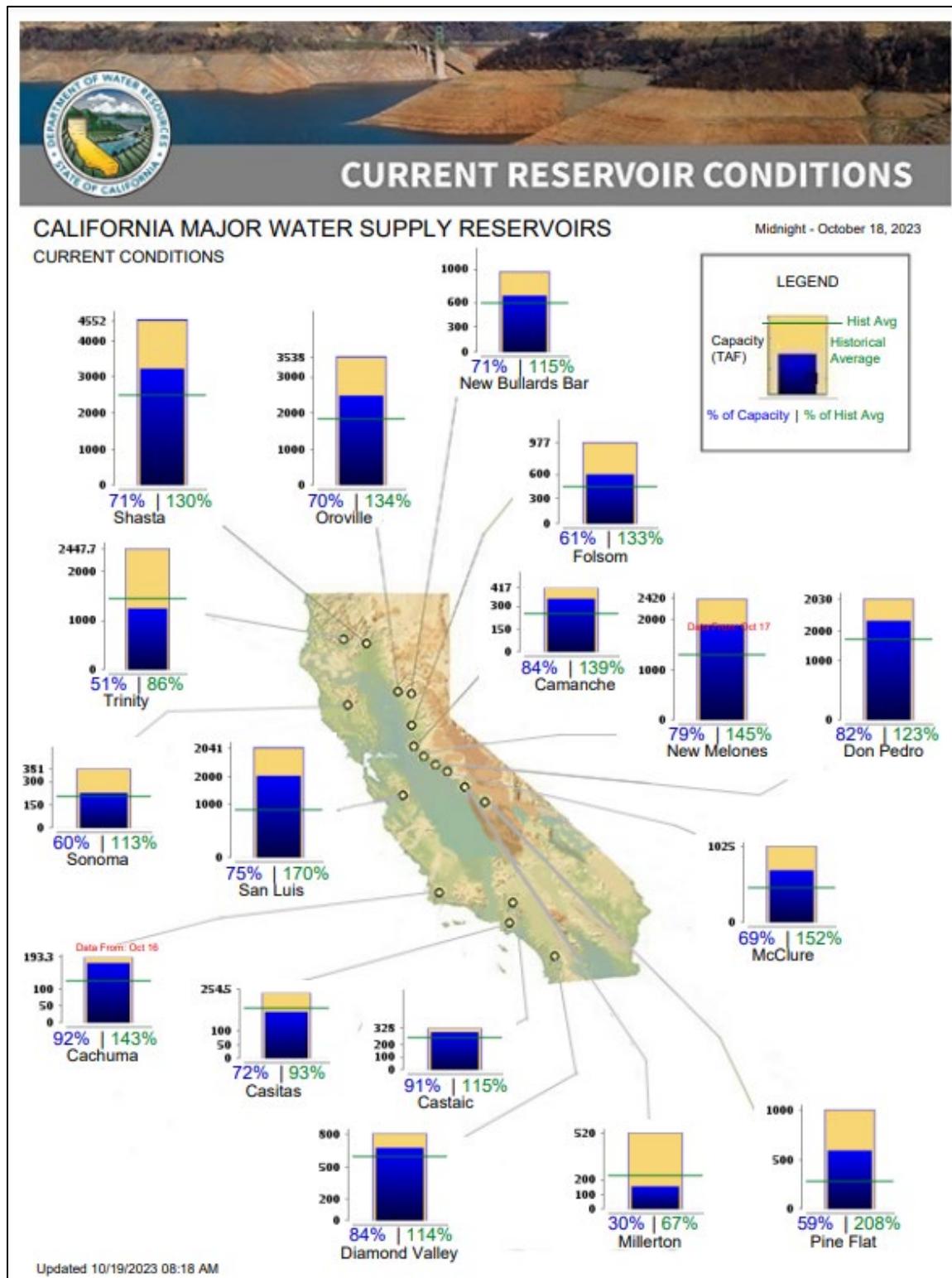
### Hydromet Teacup Reservoir Depictions

Source: U.S. Bureau of Reclamation

- [Upper Colorado](#)
- [Pacific Northwest/Snake/Columbia](#)
- [Sevier River Water, Utah](#)
- [Upper Missouri, Kansas, Oklahoma, Texas](#)

## Current California Reservoir Conditions

Source: California Department of Water Resources



[Current California Reservoir Conditions](#)

### Agricultural Weather Highlights

Author: Brad Rippey, Agricultural Meteorologist, USDA/OCE/WAOB

**National Outlook, Thursday October 19, 2023:** "A low-pressure system currently traversing the Midwest will intensify along the northern Atlantic Coast by Saturday. Storm-total rainfall could reach 1 to 2 inches or more in the Northeast, parts of which remain quite wet from earlier precipitation events. Cool, windy weather will trail the storm, with widespread frost and freezes expected early next week from the Ohio Valley and the Great Lakes States into the Northeast. Meanwhile, a new storm system will arrive in the West, accompanied by rain and snow showers and colder weather. By early next week, markedly colder air will begin to overspread northern sections of the Rockies and Plains. Eventually, the Western storm system may begin to entrain tropical moisture associated with Hurricane Norma, currently centered over the eastern Pacific Ocean off the Mexican coast. The NWS 6- to 10-day outlook for October 24 – 28 calls for above-normal temperatures along and east of a line from the southern Rockies to Lake Superior, while colder-than-normal conditions will cover the northern Plains and much of the West. Late in the month, the coldest air of the season should engulf northern sections of the Rockies and Plains. Meanwhile, near- or above-normal precipitation across most of the country should contrast with drier-than-normal weather in northern California and environs, as well as portions of the Atlantic Coast States from the Carolinas to Maine."

### Weather Hazards Outlook: [October 21 – 25, 2023](#)

Source: NOAA Weather Prediction Center

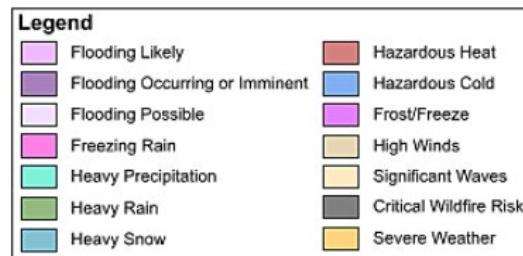
### U.S. Day 3-7 Hazards Outlook

#### About the Hazards Outlook

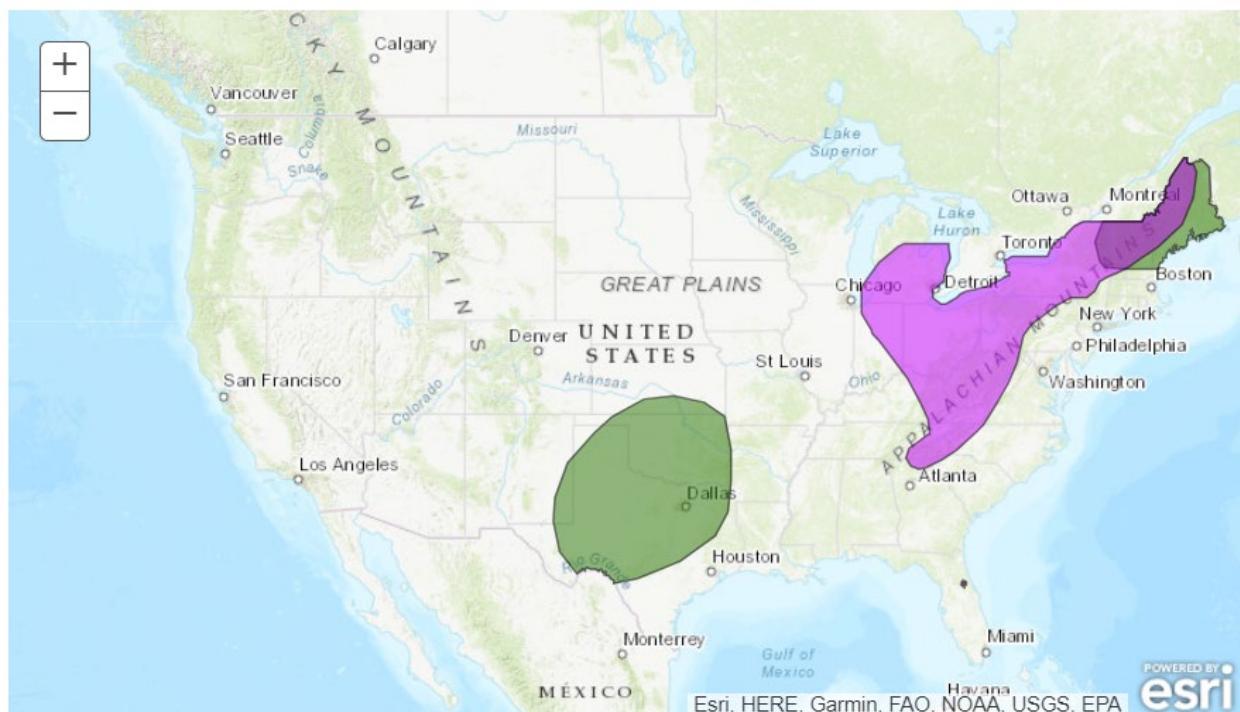
Created October 18, 2023

**NOTE:** These products are only created Monday through Friday. Please exercise caution using this outlook during the weekend.

Precipitation	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Temperature	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Wildfires	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Soils	<input type="checkbox"/>



Valid October 21, 2023 - October 25, 2023

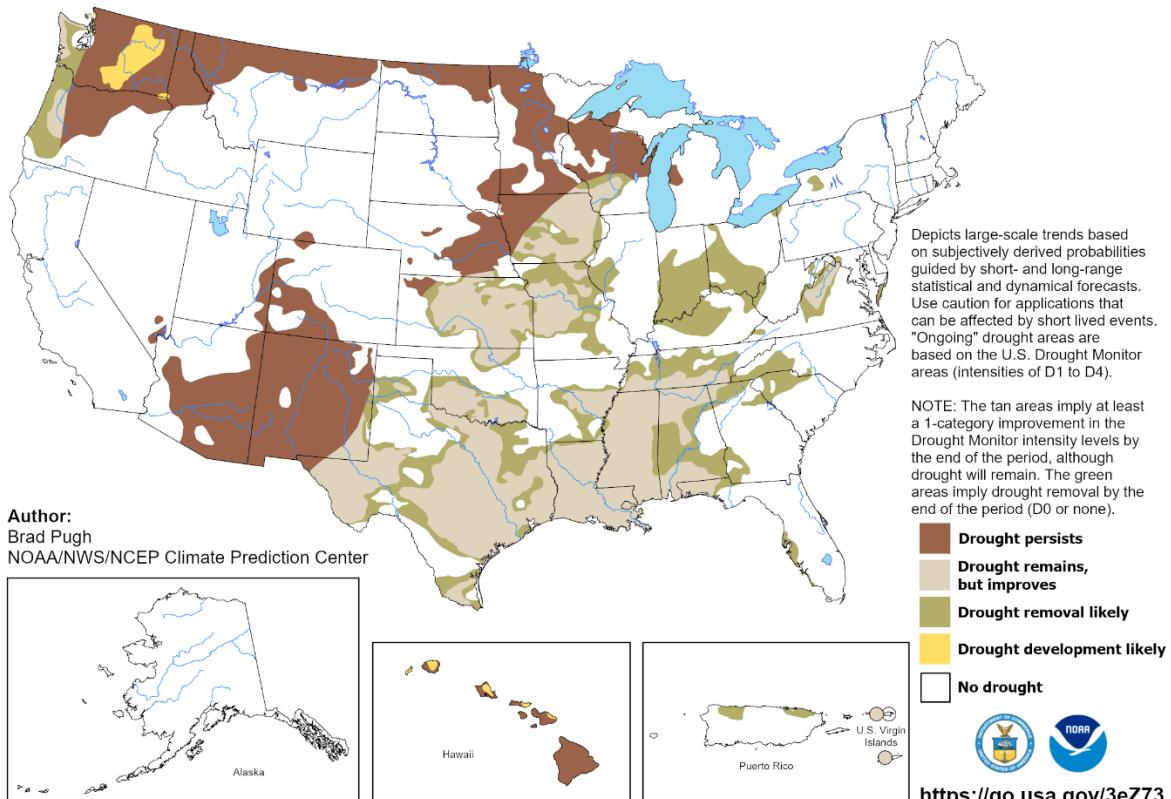


## Seasonal Drought Outlook: [October 19, 2023 – January 31, 2024](#)

Source: National Weather Service

### U.S. Seasonal Drought Outlook Drought Tendency During the Valid Period

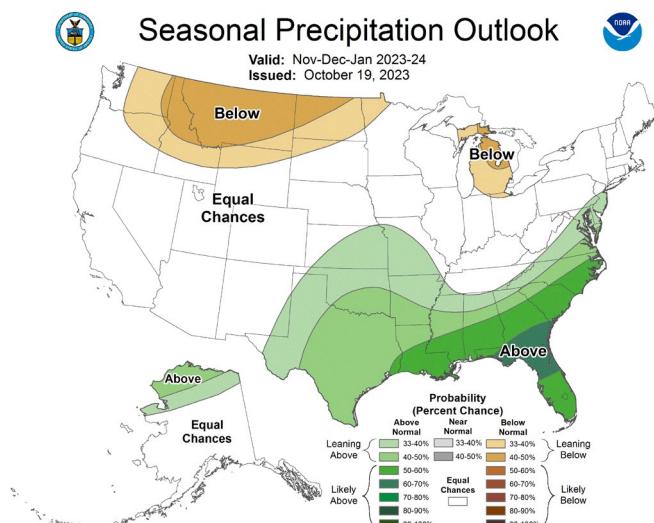
Valid for October 19, 2023 - January 31, 2024  
Released October 19, 2023



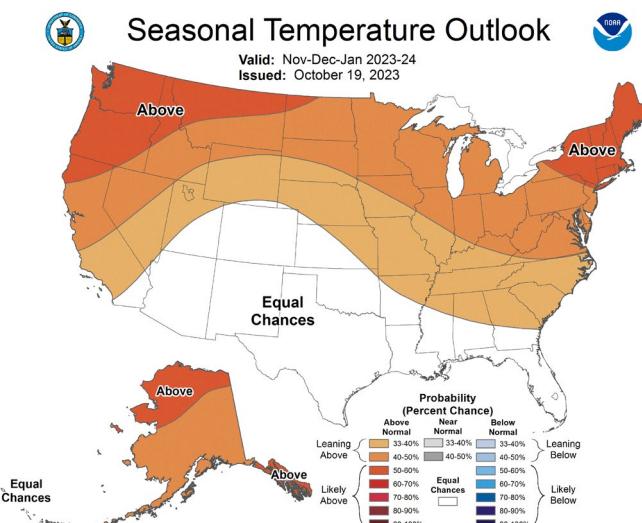
## Climate Prediction Center Three-month Outlook

Source: National Weather Service

### Precipitation



### Temperature



[November-December-January 2023-2024 precipitation and temperature outlook summaries](#)

## **More Information**

The NRCS [National Water and Climate Center](#) publishes this weekly report. We welcome your feedback. If you have questions or comments, please [contact us](#).